

2C20 ControlNet electrical interface module



Overview

Electrical interface modules (EIM) connect the copper signal to digital signal for transmission over fiber via the optical interface module (OIM). The basic modem configuration consists of a power supply, an EIM, and an OIM. Additional modules may be added to configure daisy-chain, star, and self-healing ring (SHR) topologies.



Technical specification

| Feature | Description |
|--|--|
| Protocols and extra features | ControlNet |
| Communcations data rate | 5.0M Baud |
| Copper cable connector | BNC |
| Copper cable end termination | User supplied |
| Maximum devices and copper cable length supported per module | Per ControlNet specifications |
| Ambient conditions | -40 to 85°C operational, 0-95% relative humidity non-condensing |
| Power requirements (bus) | 9Vdc @ 200mA maximum per module |
| Power indicator | Green LED |
| Communications activity indicator | Amber LED |
| Certfiications | CE Marked, Class I, Division 2, Groups A, B, C & D (on selected models), US and Canada |
| Weight | 9oz |
| Accessories | Power supply 2A06, 2A16, 2A08, 2A18 |
| Installation instructions | Shipped with product or available on request |

Technical notice: The 2C30 salarm outputs (relays and LED indicators) may indicate that the fiber links are suspect even when the fibers are known to be within normal limits. Issue: The 2C30 Self Healing Ring Module utilizes the data stream itself to indicate the integrity of the fiber links. In most industrial networking protocols, this data stream is fairly continuous with only short "dead times" between packets of data information coming from the various communications nodes of the network. The amount of dead time between data packets is significant to this issue. The 2C30 sets a 540ms timer at the end of the last received data packet coming from each of the two optical modules of the modem stack. If it does not start to receive another new data packet before that timer times out then it sets the alarm (user accessible relay contacts change state and green LED indicator turns red) indicating a fiber failure. With the vast majority of industrial control protocols, this timer never comes close to timing out in normal network operation. However, some protocols, such as RS-232, can be set up with large time differentials between communications events and, therefore, the dead time between the data packets can also vary greatly. If the dead time between communications events is longer than 540ms, this issue becomes a problem. Work around: Always set the network communication update rate such that the dead time between data packets is significantly less than 540ms. 300ms or less is an optimum target value.



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